



## Donor 4567

### Genetic Testing Summary

Fairfax Cryobank recommends reviewing this genetic testing summary with your healthcare provider to determine suitability.

Last Updated: 5/4/20

Donor Reported Ancestry: German, Hungarian, Russian, Danish

Jewish Ancestry: No

Genetic Test*	Result	Comments/Donor's Residual Risk**
Chromosome analysis (karyotype)	Normal male karyotype	No evidence of clinically significant chromosome abnormalities
Hemoglobin evaluation	Normal hemoglobin fractionation and MCV/MCH results	Reduced risk to be a carrier for sickle cell anemia, beta thalassemia, alpha thalassemia trait (aa/-- and a-/a-) and other hemoglobinopathies
Cystic Fibrosis (CF) carrier screening (see attached)	Negative by genotyping of 99 mutations in the CFTR gene	1/300
Spinal Muscular Atrophy (SMA) carrier screening (see attached)	Negative for deletions of exon 7 in the SMN1 gene	1/610
Hb Beta Chain-Related Hemoglobinopathy (including Beta Thalassemia and Sickle Cell Disease) by genotyping (see attached)	Negative for 28 mutations tested in the HBB gene	1/290

\*No single test can screen for all genetic disorders. A negative screening result significantly reduces, but cannot eliminate, the risk for these conditions in a pregnancy.

\*\*Donor residual risk is the chance the donor is still a carrier after testing negative.



Res: Recipient

Male

Female

Name: DONOR 4567

DOB: [REDACTED]

Ethnicity: Northern European

Sample Type: OG-510 Saliva

Date of Collection: 10/30/2012

Date Received: 10/31/2012

Barcode: [REDACTED]

Indication: Egg or Sperm Donor

Report Date: 11/01/2012

## Counsyl Test Results (Egg or Sperm Donor)

The Counsyl test (Fairfax Cryobank Fundamental Panel) uses targeted DNA mutation analysis to simultaneously determine the carrier status of an individual for 128 variants associated with 3 diseases. This report indicates which mutations, if any, were detected for each mutation panel. Because only select mutations are tested, the percentage of carriers detected varies by ethnicity. A full list of mutations tested is given on page 2. A negative test result does not eliminate the possibility that the individual is a carrier. Interpretation is given as an estimate of the risk of conceiving a child affected with a disease, which is based on reported ethnicity, the test results, and an assumption of no family history.\*



### DONOR 4567



DONOR 4567's DNA test shows that he is not a carrier of any disease-causing mutation tested.



### Partner

The reproductive risk presented is based on a hypothetical pairing with a partner of the same ethnic group.

## Reproductive Risk Summary

No increased reproductive risks to highlight. Please refer to the following pages for detailed information about the results.

### Clinical notes:

- The Counsyl test does not fully address all inherited forms of intellectual disability, birth defects and genetic disease. A family history of any of these conditions may warrant additional testing and genetic counseling.
- Individuals of African, Southeast Asian, and Mediterranean ancestry are at increased risk for being carriers for hemoglobinopathies and may also benefit from carrier testing by CBC and hemoglobin electrophoresis or HPLC. *ACOG Practice Bulletin No. 78. Obstet Gynecol 2007;109:229-37.*
- If necessary, patients can discuss residual risks with their physician or a genetic counselor. To schedule a complementary appointment to speak with a genetic counselor about these results, please visit [counsyl.com/counseling/](http://counsyl.com/counseling/).

### Lab Directors:

William Seltzer, PhD, FACMG

H. Peter Kang, MD

\*Limitations: In an unknown number of cases, nearby genetic variants may interfere with mutation detection. The test is not validated for detection of homozygous mutations, and although rare, asymptomatic individuals affected by the disease may not be genotyped accurately. Other possible sources of diagnostic error include sample mix-up, trace contamination, and technical errors. The reproductive risk summary is provided as an aid to genetic counseling. Inaccurate reporting of ethnicity may cause errors in risk calculation. For the purposes of risk calculations, it is assumed that mutations within the same gene are on different chromosomes.

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by Counsyl, Inc. The laboratory is regulated under the Clinical Laboratory Improvement Amendments of 1988 (CLIA) as qualified to perform high-complexity clinical testing. This test is used for clinical purposes. It should not be regarded as investigational or for research. These results are adjunctive to the ordering physician's workup. CLIA Number: #05D1102604.



Male

Name: DONOR 4567

DOB: [REDACTED]

Female

Not tested

**Mutations Tested**

✓  
**Cystic Fibrosis** - Gene: CFTR. Variants (99): G85E, R117H, R334W, R347P, A455E, G542X, G551D, R553X, R560T, R1162X, W1282X, N1303K, F508del, I507del, 2184delA, 3659delC, 621+1G>T, 711+1G>T, 1717-1G>A, 1898+1G>A, 2789+5G>A, 3120+1G>A, 3849+10kbC>T, E60X, R75X, E92X, Y122X, G178R, R347H, Q493X, V520F, S549N, P574H, M1101K, D1152H, 2143delT, 394delTT, 444delA, 1078delT, 3876delA, 3905insT, 1812-1G>A, 3272-26A>G, 2183AA>G, S549R(A>C), R117C, L206W, G330X, T338I, R352Q, S364P, G480C, C524X, S549R(T>G), Q552X, A559T, G622D, R709X, K710X, R764X, Q890X, R1066C, W1089X, Y1092X, R1158X, S1196X, W1204X(c.3611G>A), Q1238X, S1251N, S1255X, 3199delG, 574delA, 663delT, 935delA, 936delTA, 1677delTA, 1949delA, 2043delG, 2055delG>A, 2108delA, 3171delC, 3667delA, 3791delC, 1288insTA, 2184insA, 2307insA, 2869insG, 296+12T>C, 405+1G>A, 405+3A>C, 406-1G>A, 711+5G>A, 712-1G>T, 1898+1G>T, 1898+5G>T, 3120G>A, 457TAT>G, 3849+4A>G, Q359K/T360K. Detection rate: Northern European 91%. ✓

✓  
**Hb Beta Chain-Related Hemoglobinopathy (Including Beta Thalassemia and Sickle Cell Disease)** - Gene: HBB. Variants (28): Hb S, K17X, Q39X, Phe41fs, Ser9fs, IVS-II-654, IVS-II-745, IVS-II-850, IVS-I-6, IVS-I-110, IVS-I-5, IVS-I-1(G>A), -88C>T, -28A>G, -29A>G, Lys8fs, Phe71fs, IVS-II-849(A>C), IVS-II-849(A>G), Gly24 T>A, -87C>G, Hb C, W15X, Gly16fs, Glu6fs, Hb E, Hb D-Punjab, Hb O-Arab. Detection rate: Northern European 83%. ✓

✓  
**Spinal Muscular Atrophy** - Gene: SMN1. Variants (1): SMN1 copy number. Detection rate: Northern European 95%.

ENTERED  
6/11/12



Male

Name: DONOR 4567

DOB: [REDACTED]

Female

Not tested

## Risk Calculations

Below are the full test results for all diseases on the panel. Listed in this section is the patient's post-test risk of being a carrier of each disease as well as the odds that his future children could inherit each disease. A negative result does not rule out the possibility of being a carrier of untested mutations. Estimates of post-test carrier risk assume a negative family history.

Disease	DONOR 4567 Residual Risk	Post-test Reproductive Risk	Pre-test Reproductive Risk
Cystic Fibrosis	1 in 300	1 in 33,000	1 in 3,000
Hb Beta Chain-Related Hemoglobinopathy (Including Beta Thalassemia and Sickle Cell Disease)	1 in 290	1 in 58,000	1 in 10,000
Spinal Muscular Atrophy	SMN1: 2 copies 1 in 610	1 in 84,000	1 in 4,800